REMARKS

Reconsideration of the rejection of all claims is respectfully requested in view of the above amendments and the following remarks.

Specification Amendments

Applicants note with appreciation the Examiner's careful review of the previous specification amendments, and the additional errors noted in subparagraphs a) through k) of the Action have rectified, with minor modification as noted below. The corrections made can easily be seen in the Appendix hereto, wherein added material is show by **bold underlined**text and deleted material is shown by [bold text within brackets]. The following modifications to the Examiner's suggested amendments are noted:

- With respect to subparagraph d) of the Action, the appropriate and consistent correction was to change "n is 0-4" to read --w is 0-4--. The "w" subscript in -(CH₂)_w- is correct as is, but the superscript "CH²" noted by the Examiner has been corrected.
- With respect to subparagraph h) of the Action, the change of "DCCI" to --DCI-- in the previous Amendment was an inadvertent error, and "DCI" has been changed back to --DCCI-- in the above amendments. Support for the term "DCCI" is found in the specification at page 43, line 2.
- A further inadvertent error introduced by the previous Amendment has also been corrected by further amendment to the first paragraph on page 32, line 4 to page 32, line 23, where the spelling of "dichloromethane" has been corrected.

Claim Amendments

Claim 7 has been amended to appropriately subscript the "t" in (CH₂)_tOR⁶ and (CH₂),NR⁶'R⁷'. Claim 8 has been amended to hyphenate "(2-methoxy-ethyl)" to be totally consistent with the naming of this compound in the specification at page 55, lines 5 and 6, as explained further below.

Following entry of these amendments, claims 7-9, 13 and 18-22 remain pending in this application.

Claim Rejections - 36 USC § 112

Claims 8, 9 and 18-22 have been rejection under section 112, first paragraph, as containing subject matter that is not described in the specification with respect to the amended compound of claim 8, which is asserted to lack support in the specification. This ground for rejection is respectfully traversed in that the compound of amended claim 8 is specifically disclosed and exemplified in specification Example 7. In order to avoid any possible question, the term "(2-methoxy-ethyl)" has been hyphenated in the above amendment to claim 8 so that the nomenclature used for the claimed compound is identical to the nomenclature used for the exemplified compound. It is therefore respectfully requested that this ground for rejection be withdrawn.

Claims 7, 9, 13 and 18-22 have been rejected under section 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite with respect to the "t" in the definition of the substituents on the aryl or heterocycle of R²', R³', R³' and R⁵'. This ground for rejection is respectfully traversed. The term "t" is defined as being "1 to 4" immediately above the definition of R2', R3', R3' and R5' in claim 7. As noted above, claim 7 has been amended to appropriately subscript the "t" in

(CH₂)_tOR⁶ and (CH₂)_tNR⁶R⁷ to correct an inadvertent typographical error introduced with the previous Amendment. With the above explanation and correction of the typographical error, it is believed that any basis for this ground for rejection has been overcome, and withdrawal of this rejection is respectfully requested.

Conclusion

In view of the above amendments to the specification and claims and the foregoing remarks, it is believed that all remaining grounds for objection and/or rejection have been addressed and overcome. The specification and claims are now believed to be in proper form in all resects, and allowance of all claims is believed to be in order and is respectfully requested.

Respectfully Submitted,

Morgan Lewis & Bockius LLP

Date:

March 27, 2003

Morgan Lewis & Bockius LLP

Customer No. 09629

1111 Pennsylvania Avenue, N.W.

Washington, D.C. 20004

Tel. No.: 202-739-3000

DJB:mk

By:

Donald J. Bird

Registration No. 25,323

Tel. No.: (202) 739-5320

Fax No.: (202) 739-3001

APPENDIX VERSION WITH MARKINGS TO SHOW CHANGES

The following amendments have been made to the specification and claims, wherein added material is shown by bold underlined text and deleted material is shown by bold text within brackets]:

IN THE SPECIFICATION

The specification at the first paragraph on page 2, line 6 to page 4, line 9, has been further amended as follows:

(Twice Amended) According to one aspect of the present invention there is provided an inhibitor of ras farnesylation of Formula I

$$S \longrightarrow R^2$$
 $G \longrightarrow A$
 $(R^3)_p$

wherein:

 \mathbb{R}^1 is selected from H; $-C_{1-4}$ alkyl; $-CO-C_{1-4}$ alkyl; $-CO-O-C_{1-4}$ alkyl;

-CO-O-C₂₋₄alkenyl; -C₁₋₄alkylene-CONR⁴R⁵ (wherein R⁴ and R⁵ are independently selected from H and C₁₋₄alkyl); -C₁₋₄alkylene-COOR⁶ (wherein R⁶ is selected from H and C₁₋₄alkyl); -C₁₋₃alkylene-Ph and -CO-O(CH₂)_nPh wherein the phenyl groups in -C₁₋₃alkylene-Ph and -CO-O(CH₂)_nPh are optionally substituted by R^a and/or R^b and R^a and R^b are independently selected from C₁₋₄alkyl, halogen, hydroxy, C₁₋₄alkoxy, C₁₋₄alkanoyl, C₁₋₄alkanoyloxy, amino, C_{1-4} alkylamino, di $(C_{1-4}$ alkyl)amino, C_{1-4} alkanoylamino, nitro, cyano, carboxy, carbamoyl,

 C_{1-4} alkoxycarbonyl, thiol, C_{1-4} alkylsulfanyl, C_{1-4} alkylsulfinyl, C_{1-4} alkylsulfonyl and sulfonamido; and n=0-4;

 R^2 is selected from H; $-C_{1-4}$ alkyl; $-COC_{1-4}$ alkyl; and $-COOC_{1-4}$ alkyl; and $-C_{1-3}$ alkylene-Ph optionally substituted on the phenyl ring by R^a and or R^b ;

R³ is selected from H; OH; CN; CF₃; NO₂; -C₁₋₄ alkyl; -C₁₋₄alkylene-R⁷;

-C₂₋₄alkenylene-R⁷; -C₂₋₄alkynylene-R⁷; R⁷; OR⁷ (where R⁷ is selected from phenyl, naphthyl, a 5-10 membered monocyclic or bicyclic heteroaryl ring containing up to 5 heteroatoms selected from O, N and S and any aryl ring in R⁷ is optionally substituted by R^a and/or R^b); C₂₋₄alkenyl; halogen; -(CH₂)_yCOOR⁸ (where y = 0-3 and R⁸ represents H, C₁₋₄alkyl, or C₂₋₄alkenyl); -CONR⁹R¹⁰ (where R⁹ and R¹⁰ independently represent H, C₁₋₄alkyl, C₂₋₄alkenyl, -O-C₁₋₄alkyl, -O-C₂₋₄alkenyl or -C₁₋₃alkylenePh (wherein Ph is optionally substituted by R^a and R^b as hereinabove defined); -CON(R¹¹)OR¹² (where R¹¹ and R¹² independently represent H, C₁₋₄alkyl or C₂₋₄alkenyl);

a group of Formula II: $-CONR^{13}-CR^{13a}R^{14}-COOR^{17}$, (where R^{13} and R^{13a} are independently H or C_{1-4} alkyl, R^{17} is H or C_{1-6} alkyl, R^{14} is selected from the side chain of a lipophilic amino acid, carbamoyl C_{1-4} alkyl, $N-(monoC_{1-4}$ alkyl)carbamoyl C_{1-4} alkyl and

<u>N</u>-(diC₁₋₄alkyl)carbamoylC₁₋₄alkyl, the group of Formula II having \underline{L} or \underline{D} configuration at the chiral alpha carbon in the corresponding free amino acid; a lactone of formula:

$$-CON - O$$

$$R^{13} O$$

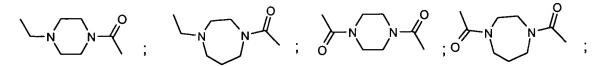
 C_{1-4} alkyl monosubstituted on carbon with =N-OH;

a group of Formula -X-R¹⁵ (where X is selected from O, CO, CH₂, S, SO, SO₂ and R¹⁵ is selected from C₁₋₆alkyl, phenyl, naphthyl, a 5-10 membered monocyclic or bicyclic heteroaryl ring containing up to 5 heteroatoms selected from O, N and S and any aryl ring in R¹⁵ is optionally substituted by R^a and/or R^b;

 \mathbf{p} is 0-3 in which \mathbf{R}^3 values can be the same or different;

 \mathbf{G} is a linking moiety selected from the following groups written from left to right in

Formula I:



(wherein the piperazine and perhydro-1,4-diazepine rings are optionally substituted); -CO-NR¹⁶-; -CH₂NR¹⁶-; -CH₂S-; -CH₂O-; -CH₂-CHR¹⁶; -CH=CR¹⁶-; -CH₂NR¹⁶-T-; -CH₂NR¹⁶-T-; -CH₂NR¹⁶-T-; -CH₂NR¹⁶-T-; -CH₂NR¹⁶-T-; -CH₂O-T- (where R¹⁶ is selected from H, C₁₋₄alkyl, C₁₋₄alkylene-Z, -CO-C₁₋₄alkylene-Z, -CO-C₁₋₆alkyl, -COZ, Z and Z is selected from -O-C₁₋₄alkyl, phenyl, naphthyl, a 5-10 membered monocyclic or bicyclic heteroaryl ring containing up to 5 heteroatoms selected from O, N and S and any aryl ring in R¹⁶ is optionally substituted by R^a and/or R^b as hereinabove defined; where, T represents $\underline{-(CH_2)_{m^-}}$ [-(CH₂)m-] where m is 1-4 and T is optionally monosubstituted with any value of R¹⁶ other than H; and where T¹ represents $\underline{-(CH_2)_{m^-}}$ [-(CH₂)m¹-] wherein m¹ is 0-4 and T¹ is optionally

A is selected from phenyl; naphthyl; a 5-10 membered monocyclic or bicyclic heteroaryl ring containing up to 5 heteroatoms where the heteroatoms are independently selected from O, N & S;

or a -S-S- dimer thereof when R²=H; or a <u>N</u>-oxide thereof; or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt, prodrug or solvate thereof.

monosubstituted with any value of R¹⁶ other than H);

The specification at the first paragraph on page 4, line 10 to page 6, line 11, has been further amended as follows:

(Twice Amended) In another aspect of the invention there is provided an inhibitor of ras farnesylation of Formula I

wherein:

 \mathbf{R}^1 is selected from H; $-C_{1-4}$ alkyl; $-C_{1-3}$ alkylene-Ph optionally mono or di-substituted on Ph with substituents selected from C_{1-4} alkyl, halogen, OH, C_{1-4} alkoxy, C_{1-4} alkanoyl,

 C_{1-4} alkanoyloxy, amino, C_{1-4} alkylamino, di(C_{1-4} alkyl)amino, C_{1-4} alkanoylamino, nitro, cyano, carboxy, carbamoyl, C_{1-4} alkoxycarbonyl, thiol, C_{1-4} alkylsulfanyl, C_{1-4} alkylsulfonyl and sulfonamido; -CO- C_{1-4} alkyl; -CO-O- C_{1-4} alkyl;

-CO-O-C₂₋₄alkenyl; -CO-O-(CH₂)_nPh optionally substituted on Ph as defined for substitution on Ph in $R^1 = -C_{1-3}$ alkylene-Ph above and n=0-4;

- C_{1-4} alkylene- $CONR^4R^5$ where R^4 & R^5 are independently selected from H and C_{1-4} alkyl; and - C_{1-4} alkylene- $COOR^6$ where R^6 is selected from H, C_{1-4} alkyl;

 \mathbf{R}^2 is selected from H; $-\mathbf{C}_{1-4}$ alkyl; $-\mathbf{C}_{1-3}$ alkylene-Ph optionally substituted on Ph as defined for substitution on Ph in $\mathbf{R}^1 = -\mathbf{C}_{1-3}$ alkylene-Ph above; $-\mathbf{COC}_{1-4}$ alkyl; and $-\mathbf{COOC}_{1-4}$ alkyl;

 ${f R}^3$ is selected from H; OH; CN; CF₃; NO₂; -C₁₋₄ alkyl; -C₁₋₄alkylene-R⁷ where R⁷ is selected from phenyl, naphthyl, a 5-10 membered monocyclic or bicyclic heteroaryl ring containing up to 5 heteroatoms selected from O, N and S and any aryl ring in R⁷ is optionally substituted as defined for substitution on the Ph group in R¹ = -C₁₋₃alkylene-Ph above; R⁷; C₂₋₄alkenyl; halogen; -(CH₂)_yCOOR⁸ where y= 0-3 and R⁸ represents H, C₁₋₄alkyl, or C₂₋₄alkenyl; -CONR⁹R¹⁰ where R⁹ and R¹⁰ independently represent H, C₁₋₄alkyl, C₂₋₄alkenyl,

-O- C_{1-4} alkyl, -O- C_{2-4} alkenyl, - C_{1-3} alkylenePh optionally substituted as defined for this group for R^1 above; -CON(R^{11})OR¹² where R^{11} and R^{12} independently represent H, C_{1-4} alkyl and C_{2-4} alkenyl;

a group of Formula II, -CONR¹³-CHR¹⁴-COOR¹⁷, where R¹³ is H or C_{1-4} alkyl, R¹⁷ is H or C_{1-6} alkyl, R¹⁴ is selected from the side chain of a lipophilic amino acid, carbamoyl C_{1-4} alkyl, N-(mono C_{1-4} alkyl)carbamoyl C_{1-4} alkyl and

 $\underline{\underline{N}}$ -(diC₁₋₄alkyl)carbamoylC₁₋₄alkyl [\underline{N} -(diC1-4alkyl)carbamoylC₁₋₄alkyl], the group of Formula II having \underline{L} or \underline{D} configuration at the chiral alpha carbon in the corresponding free amino acid; a lactone of formula

 C_{1-4} alkyl monosubstituted on carbon with =N-OH;

a group of Formula -X-R¹⁵ where X is selected from O, CO, CH₂, S, SO, SO₂ and R¹⁵ is selected from C_{1-6} alkyl, phenyl, naphthyl, a 5-10 membered monocyclic or bicyclic heteroaryl ring containing up to 5 heteroatoms selected from O, N and S and any aryl ring in R¹⁵ is optionally substituted as defined for the Ph group in R¹ = -C₁₋₃alkylene-Ph; **p** is 0-3 in which R³ values can be the same or different;

G is a linking moiety selected from the following groups written from left to right in Formula I:

-CO-NR¹⁶- where R¹⁶ is selected from H, C₁₋₄alkyl, C₁₋₄alkylene-Z, -CO-C₁₋₄alkylene-Z, -CO-C₁₋₆alkyl, -COZ, Z and Z is selected from -O-C₁₋₄alkyl, phenyl, naphthyl, a 5-10 membered monocyclic or bicyclic heteroaryl ring containing up to 5 heteroatoms selected from O, N and S and any aryl ring in R¹⁶ is optionally substituted as defined for the Ph group in $R^1 = -C_{1-3}$ alkylene-Ph; -CH₂.NR¹⁸- where R^{18} represents any value defined for R^{16} ; -CH₂S-; -CH₂O-; -CH₂CHR¹⁹- where R¹⁹ represents any value defined for R¹⁶; -CH=CR²⁰where R²⁰ represents any value defined for R¹⁶; -CH₂NR²¹-T- where R²¹ represents any value defined for R¹⁶, T represents -(CH₂)_w- where w is 1-4 and T is optionally monosubstituted with R²² where R²² represents any value for R¹⁶ other than H; -CH₂NR²³-SO₂- where R²³ represents any value defined for R¹⁶; -CH₂.NR²⁴-CO-T- where R²⁴ represents any value defined for R^{16} , T represents $\underline{-(CH_2)_{w-}}$ [$-(CH^2)_{w-}$] where \underline{w} [n] is 0-4 and T is optionally monosubstituted with R^{29} where R^{29} represents any value for R^{16} other than H; -CO-NR²⁵-Twhere R²⁵ represents any value defined for R¹⁶, T represents -(CH₂)_w- where w is 1-4 and T is optionally monosubstituted with R²⁶ where R²⁶ represents any value for R¹⁶ other than H; -CH₂S-T- where T represents -(CH₂)_w- where w is 1-4 and T is optionally monosubstituted with R²⁷ where R²⁷ represents any value for R¹⁶ other than H; -CH₂O-T- where T represents -(CH₂)_w- where w is 1-4 and T is optionally monosubstituted with R²⁸ where R²⁸ represents any value for R¹⁶ other than H;

A is selected from phenyl; naphthyl; a 5-10 membered monocyclic or bicyclic heteroaryl ring containing up to 5 heteroatoms where the heteroatoms are independently selected from O, N & S;

or a -S-S- dimer thereof when R²=H; or a N-oxide thereof;

or an enantiomer, diastereoisomer, pharmaceutically acceptable salt, prodrug or solvate thereof.

The specification at the first paragraph on page 10, line 4 to page 10, line 15, has been further amended as follows:

(Twice Amended) Suitable values for G= CH₂NR¹⁶ T [CHNR¹⁶ T] include

CH₂.N(CO.CH₂.CHMe₂).CH₂.CH₂; CH₂.N(CH₂ CH₂ CH₂OMe).CH₂.CH₂;

CH₂.N(CH₂.pPh.OMe).CH₂.CH₂; CH₂.N(CO.CH₂.CHMe₂).CH₂;

CH₂N(CO.CH₂.CH₂.CH₂.Me).CH₂; CH₂N(CO.CH₂.CHMe.CH₂Me).CH₂;

CH₂N(CO.CH₂.CH₂.OMe)CH₂; CH₂N(CO.CH₂.pyridin-3-yl).CH₂;

CH₂N(4-methoxybenzyl)CH₂; CH₂N(CO.CH₂.CHMe₂)CH₂.CH₂.CH(Ph);

CH₂N(CO.CH₃)CH₂.CH₂.CH(Ph); CH₂N(CO.CH₂.CHMe₂)CH₂; CH₂N(CO.CH₃)CH₂;

CH₂N(CO.CH₂.CHMe₂)CH₂.CH(Ph); CH₂N(CO.CH₂.CMe₃)CH₂.CH(Ph);

CH₂N(CO.CH₂.pyridin-3-yl)CH₂.CH(Ph);

CH₂N(CO.1-hydroxy-6-methoxy-pyridin-3-yl)CH₂.CH(Ph);

CH₂N(CO.CH₂ pyrid-3-yl)CH₂CH(Ph); CH₂N(CO.CH₂CHMe₂)CH₂.CH₂;

CH₂N(CO.CH₂CMe₃)CH₂.CH₂; CH₂N(CO thiazol-2-yl)CH₂CH₂; CH₂N

(CO 1-oxido-6-hydroxypyridin-3-yl)CH₂CH₂; CH₂N(CO.CH₂pyridin-3-yl)CH₂.CH₂ and CH₂N(CO.4-methoxybenzyl)CH₂.CH₂

The specification at the third paragraph on page 10, line 20 to page 10, line 22, has been further amended as follows:

(Twice Amended) Suitable values for $G = -CH_2NR^{16}$ - include CH_2NH ; CH_2NMe ; $CH_2N(CO.CH_2.CHMe_2)$ and $CH_2N(CO.CH_2.CH_2.OMe)$. A preferred value for $-CH_2NR^{16}$ - is $-CH_2NH_-$ [-CH₂NH₂-].

The specification at the fourth paragraph on page 10, line 23 to page 10, line 26 has been further amended as follows:

(Twice Amended) When G is -CH₂NR¹⁶-T- [-CH₂NR16-T-] a suitable value for m is 1. When G is -CH₂-NR¹⁶-CO-T¹- a suitable value for m¹ is 1. When G is -CH₂-NR¹⁶-T- a suitable value for m is 1. When G is $-CH_2-S-T-$ a suitable value for m is 1. When G is $-CH_2-O-T-$ a suitable value for m is 1.

G is especially -CONH-, -CH₂.NH-, -CH₂NHSO₂-, -CH₂NHCO-.

The specification at the first paragraph on page 32, line 4 to page 32, line 23, has been amended as follows:

(Twice Amended) Compounds of Formula I in which G represents -CO-NR¹⁶- may be prepared by forming an amide bond between compounds 1 and 2 as outlined in Scheme 1. Compounds of Formula I in which G represents -CO-NR¹⁶-T- may be prepared by an analogous procedure. Suitable coupling conditions include the following.

- i) Use of EEDQ at ambient temperature in an organic solvent (e.g. dichloromethane [dischloromethane], methanol).
- ii) Use of oxalyl chloride in an organic solvent (e.g. CH₂Cl₂), DMF in a catalytic amount, in the presence of an organic base (e.g. NMM, triethylamine, DMAP) at 0°C to ambient temperature for 0.5-16h.
 - iii) Use of EDC/ HOBT in an organic solvent (e.g. DMF, CH₂Cl₂).
- iv) Use of <u>DCCI/ HOBT</u> [DCI/ HOBT] in an organic solvent (e.g. DMF, CH₂Cl₂) in the presence of an organic base (e.g. triethylamine).
- v) Use of mixed anhydride reactions under standard conditions, for example isopropylchloroformate in an organic solvent (e.g. DMF, DMA, dichloromethane) in the presence of an organic base (e.g. NMM, DMAP, triethylamine).
- vi) Via an active ester under standard conditions e.g. pentafluorophenyl ester in an organic solvent (e.g. dichloromethane) in the presence of an organic base (e.g. triethylamine).
- vii) Via an acid chloride under standard conditions e.g. using thionyl chloride and heat for about 150min followed by an organic base (e.g. triethylamine) in the presence of an organic solvent (e.g. acetonitrile).

The specification at the second paragraph on page 32, line 24 to page 33, line 3, has been further amended as follows:

(Twice Amended) Compounds of Formula I in which G represents -CH₂NR¹⁶-, -CH₂O- or -CH₂S- may be prepared as outlined in Scheme 2. LG represents a leaving group (e.g. mesyloxy, tosyloxy, halogen) and X represents S, O or NR¹⁶. Suitable coupling conditions include the following.

- i) Use of an inorganic base (e.g. NaHCO₃, NaH, K₂CO₃, butyllithium) in an organic solvent (e.g. THF, DMF, DMSO) and a temperature of about 65° to 150°C
- ii) <u>Use</u> [Ue] of an organic base (e.g. triethylamine, DMAP) in an organic solvent (e.g. THF, dichloromethane, DMA, DMF) at a temperature range of room temperature -150° C
- iii) Use of an inorganic base (e.g. KOH, NaOH, K₂CO₃) in an aqueous (e.g. water) and organic solvents (e.g. dichloromethane) in a 2 phase system, optionally in the presence of a phase transfer catalyst (e.g. tetrabutylammoniumbromide).

The specification at the second paragraph on page 33, line 13 to page 33, line 18, has been amended as follows:

(Twice Amended) Compounds of Formula I in which G represents <u>-CH₂-NR¹⁶-</u> [-CH₂-NR¹⁶-] may be prepared as outlined in Scheme 4 by coupling aldehyde (2) with compound 4. Suitable coupling conditions include the following.

i) Use of a reducing agent (e.g. NaCNBH₃, BH₃, hydrogen plus catalyst, LiHBEt₃, di-isobutyl-aluminiumhydride, lithium aluminium hydride, sodium borohydride) in the presence of a suitable solvent e.g. ethanol and acetic acid.

The specification at the fifth paragraph on page 33, line 28 to page 34, line 2, has been further amended as follows:

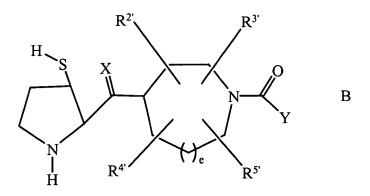
(Twice Amended) Compounds of Formula I in which G represents <u>-CH₂-NR¹⁶-T-</u>, <u>-CH₂-O-T- or -CH₂-S-T-</u> [-CH₂-NR¹⁶-T-, -CH₂-O-T- or -CH₂-S-T-] may be prepared as outlined in Scheme 5 in which LG represents a leaving group (e.g. mesyloxy, tosyloxy, halogen) and X represents O, S or NR¹⁶. Suitable coupling conditions are as outlined above

in relation to Scheme 2. Optionally the positions of LG and XH in compounds 1 and 2 in Scheme 5 can be reversed to give the same end product.

IN THE CLAIMS:

Claims 7 and 8 have been further amended as follows:

7. (Three Times Amended) A compound of the formula A:



wherein:

X is O or H_2 ;

e is 0;

t is 1 to 4;

R²', R³', R⁴', and R⁵' are independently selected from: H; C₁₋₈alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, aryl, heterocycle, -CO-NR⁶'R⁷' or -CO-OR⁶', unsubstituted or substituted with one or more of:

- 1) aryl or heterocycle, unsubstituted or substituted with:
 - a. C_{1-4} alkyl,
 - b. $(CH_2)_tOR^{6'}[(CH_2)tOR^{6'}],$
 - c. $(CH_2)_tNR^{6'}R^{7'}[(CH_2)tNR^{6'}R^{7'}],$
 - d. halogen,
- 2) C₃₋₆cycloalkyl,
- OR^{6} ,

- 4) $SR^{6'}$, $S(O)R^{6'}$, $SO_2R^{6'}$,
- 5) $-NR^{6'}R^{7'}$,
- 6) $-NR^{6'}-CO-R^{7'}$,
- 7) $-NR^{6'}-CO-NR^{7'}R^{8'}$,
- 8) $-O-CO-NR^{6'}R^{7'}$,
- 9) $-O-CO-OR^{6'}$,
- 10) $-O-NR^{6'}R^{7'}$,
- 11) -SO₂NR⁶'R⁷',
- 12) $-NR^{6'}-SO_2-R^{7'}$,
- 13) $-CO-R^{6}$, or
- 14) $-CO-OR^{6'}$;

and any two of R^{2} ', R^{3} ', R^{4} ', and R^{5} ' are optionally attached to the same carbon atom;

Y is aryl, heterocycle, unsubstituted or substituted with one or more of:

- 1) C₁₋₄alkyl, unsubstituted or substituted with:
 - a. C_{1-4} alkoxy,
 - b. $NR^{6'}R^{7'}$,
 - c. C₃₋₆cycloalkyl,
 - d. aryl or heterocycle,
 - e. HO,
- 2) aryl or heterocycle,
- 3) halogen,
- 4) OR^{6} ,
- 5) $NR^{6'}R^{7'}$,
- 6) CN
- 7) NO_2 , or
- 8) CF₃;

R⁶', R⁷' and R⁸' are independently selected from: H; C₁₋₄alkyl, C₃₋₆cycloalkyl, heterocycle, aryl, aroyl, heteroaroyl, arylsulfonyl, heteroarylsulfonyl, unsubstituted or substituted with:

a) C_{1-4} alkoxy,

ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.: 056291-5130 U.S. Serial No. 09/242,461

Page 25

- b) aryl or heterocycle,
- c) halogen,
- d) HO,
- e) -CO-R⁹,
- f) -SO₂R⁹, wherein

R⁶ and R⁷ may be joined in a ring, and R⁷ and R⁸ may be joined in a ring; R⁹ is C₁₋₄alkyl or aralkyl;

a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

8. (Three Times Amended) The compound (2S)-2-(2-methoxy-ethyl)-1-((cis)-3-sulfanyl-pyrrolidin-2-ylmethyl)-4-naphthoyl-piperazine
[(2S)-2-(2-methoxyethyl)-1-((cis)-3-sulfanyl-pyrrolidin-2-ylmethyl)-4-naphthoyl-piperazine] or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.